



# Visit or Activity Leader

See also NG document 3.3e "Checklist – Visit Leader".

#### Responsibilities of Leaders

All leaders have a legal duty of care and must comply with their employer's policy and guidance.

The Visit Leader has overall responsibility for a visit. This includes the learning, development and supervision of the participants and the safety of all, including any other leaders and helpers.

An Activity Leader is responsible for one or more specific activities during a visit.

During some visits, all the participants remain in one group. The Visit Leader might act as Activity Leader for all activities during the visit, or hand over leadership of one or more activities to an Activity Leader or third-party provider, while retaining oversight.

During other visits, the group splits into smaller groups for some activities. In this case, the Visit Leader hands over the leadership of one or more activity groups to an Activity Leader or third-party provider, while retaining oversight of the whole visit and perhaps acting as an Activity Leader for one group.

## Staff Ratios and Planning

Sometimes a Visit Leader or Activity Leader is supported by one or more Assistant Leaders or Helpers. Decisions about the number of leaders required, and staffing ratios, should be informed by risk assessment.

For further information see the following National Guidance (NG) documents:

- 4.2a "Group Management and Supervision";
- 4.3b "Ratios and Effective Supervision".

Planning for a visit should include consideration of the possibility of the Visit Leader or an Activity Leader becoming incapacitated. This might be caused by illness, injury, personal issues or being required elsewhere (such as to look after a sick child). Consideration of the SAGE variables (Staffing, Activity, Group and Environment) should lead to an appropriate decision on both the number of leaders as well as the mix of competence needed to fill various roles – see NG document 1b "Foundations".

Plans could include, for example:

- The group is accompanied by an Assistant Leader who is fully competent to take over and deputise for the incapacitated Visit Leader or Activity Leader;
- The group is accompanied by an Assistant Leader or Helper, who is sufficiently competent to abandon the visit or activity and supervise the group safely back to base (or who could supervise the group until support from the establishment can arrive);
- A backup leader is available back at the establishment, who is able to join the group at short notice;
- No other responsible adult is present, but the participants are judged sufficiently responsible and competent to deal with such a situation.

### Key Requirements for Leaders

You must not lead an activity or visit unless you have been approved to do so by your employer. You must be specifically competent for the type of visit, and for any activities you plan to lead.

For detailed guidance about leader competence and approval, see NG document 3.2d "Approval of Leaders".

There should always be a single designated leader for any visit or activity and, if this role changes, there should be a clear handover.

#### If you are designated as the Visit Leader, you should:

- Be able to use the chosen environment or venue(s) to provide a wide range of learning or development outcomes;
- Liaise with your establishment's Educational Visits Co-ordinator (EVC) to ensure that the visit has clear aims and is planned to appropriately balance benefits and risks, and that all leaders and helpers accompanying the visit meet establishment requirements;
- Ensure that there is effective supervision;
- Take a lead on risk management (it is good practice to involve all the visit leadership team to ensure wide understanding and to give clarity about what they need to do, and to involve young people wherever appropriate;
- Define the roles and responsibilities of other leaders and helpers (and participants) to ensure effective supervision throughout the visit, appointing a deputy wherever possible;
- Ensure that any Activity Leaders are competent and confident to lead their planned activities, and are approved to do so if this is necessary (e.g. for adventure activities);
- Ensure that child protection issues are addressed (e.g. good safeguarding practice is followed and adults are appropriately vetted and checked);
- Provide relevant information to other leaders including the aims and how they
  can contribute to achieving these, the location, the participants (age, health
  information, capabilities, special needs, safeguarding and behavioural issues);
- Ensure that informed parental consent has been obtained as necessary;
- Provide relevant information to parents and participants, and arrange pre-visit information meetings where appropriate;
- Make sure there is access to first aid at an appropriate level;

- Ensure that if the visit leadership team includes someone with a close relationship to a member of the group, this is managed to avoid any possible compromise of effective supervision;
- Ensure that all leaders and any third party providers have access to emergency contact and emergency procedure details;
- Review all aspects of the visit, both during and after the event see NG document 4.2c "Reviewing";
- Liaise with your EVC about evaluation of the visit see NG document 5.1d "Evaluation";
- Report any accidents, incidents or near misses.

#### Working with an External Provider

When working with third-party activity providers it is essential to avoid 'grey areas'. You should ensure that the relative roles and responsibilities of establishment staff and provider staff are clear, and that there is a clear handover when there is a change of leader. See NG document 4.4h "Using External Providers".

Should a provider run an activity in a way that causes concern, the accompanying leader(s) should consider whether to intervene at the first appropriate moment. This should be done with sensitivity and discretion to ensure that it does not result in young people being put at greater risk.

